

# From A to B with Elliptic Integrals and Circular Wire Loops

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## Abstract

This note goes step by step from the A field of a circular current loop to the B field using complete elliptic integrals.

## Circular Current Loop

Assume a current loop in the XY plane at Z=0 of radius R carrying a current I. The observation point  $(\rho, \phi, z)$  is in cylindrical coordinates, with  $\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , z being the height above the coil.

The  $\vec{A}$  field is given by

$$\vec{A}(\rho, \phi, z) = \vec{a}_\phi \frac{\mu I R}{4\pi} \oint \frac{\cos \theta d\theta}{\sqrt{z^2 + \rho^2 + R^2 - 2R\rho \cos \theta}}$$
$$A_\phi = \frac{\mu I R \sqrt{a+b}}{\pi b} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right]$$

where  $K$  and  $E$  are complete elliptic integrals, and

$$a = z^2 + \rho^2 + R^2$$
$$b = 2R\rho$$
$$k = \sqrt{\frac{2b}{a+b}} = \sqrt{\frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R+\rho)^2}}$$

We calculate the  $\vec{B}$  field using  $\vec{B} = \nabla \times \vec{A}$ . Seeing that  $\vec{A}$  has only one non-zero component, we have the following simple formulas for the  $\vec{B}$  components.

$$\begin{aligned} B_\rho &= -\frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial z} \\ B_\phi &= 0 \\ B_z &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial(\rho A_\phi)}{\partial \rho} = \frac{A_\phi}{\rho} + \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \rho} \end{aligned}$$

We will have a number of terms in the derivative expression. We should list some of these before we get started.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial K(k)}{\partial \rho} &= \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ \frac{\partial K(k)}{\partial z} &= \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial E(k)}{\partial \rho} &= \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ \frac{\partial E(k)}{\partial z} &= \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \frac{\partial k}{\partial z} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= \sqrt{\frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \\ \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{4R\rho}{\rho(z^2 + (\rho + R)^2)}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{4R\rho}(2(R + \rho))}{(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)^{3/2}} \\ &= \frac{k}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho} - \frac{2(R + \rho)}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] \\ &= \frac{k}{2} \left[ \frac{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2 - 2(R + \rho)\rho}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \right] \\ &= \frac{k}{2\rho} \left[ \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
k &= \sqrt{\frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \\
\frac{\partial k}{\partial z} &= \frac{\sqrt{4R\rho}}{(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)^{3/2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) 2z \\
\frac{\partial k}{\partial z} &= -\frac{zk}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{b} &= \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + \rho^2 + R^2 + 2R\rho}}{2R\rho} = \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}{2R\rho} \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{b} \right) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}{2R\rho} \right) \\
&= \frac{\frac{1}{2}(z^2 + (\rho + R)^2)^{-1/2} (2z)}{2R\rho} \\
&= \frac{z}{2R\rho\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{b} \right) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}{2R\rho} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \frac{(z^2 + (\rho + R)^2)^{-1/2} (2(\rho + R))}{2R\rho} - \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}{2R\rho^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{2R\rho^2\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}} [(R + \rho)\rho - z^2 - (\rho + R)^2] \\
&= -\frac{z^2 + R\rho}{2R\rho^2\sqrt{z^2 + (\rho + R)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

## Derivation of $B_\rho$

We begin with

$$\begin{aligned}
B_\rho &= -\frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial z} \\
&= -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \frac{\mu I R \sqrt{a+b}}{\pi b} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \right] \\
&= -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \frac{\mu I R \sqrt{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2 + 2R\rho}}{\pi 2R\rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \right] \\
-B_\rho \frac{2\pi\rho}{\mu I} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \sqrt{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2 + 2R\rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \right] \\
&= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \right] \\
&= \frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
\frac{-B_\rho(2\pi\rho)/(\mu I)}{\sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} &= \frac{z}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&= \frac{z}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \right] K(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \frac{\partial}{\partial z} K(k) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} E(k) \\
&= \frac{z}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ -kK(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] - \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial z}
\end{aligned}$$

Since

$$\frac{\partial k}{\partial z} = -\frac{zk}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}$$

We have

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-B_\rho(2\pi\rho)/(\mu I)}{\sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} = \frac{z}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
& + \left[ -kK(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] - \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial z} \\
& = \frac{z}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
& + \left[ -kK(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] - \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \right] \left[ -\frac{zk}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] \\
\\
& - \frac{B_\rho 2\pi\rho \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{\mu z I} = \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
& - \left[ -k^2 K(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \left[ \frac{E(k)}{(1-k^2)} - K(k) \right] - [E(k) - K(k)] \right] \\
& = \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) + k^2 K(k) \\
& - \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \frac{E(k)}{(1-k^2)} + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) + E(k) - K(k) \\
& = K(k) - \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \frac{E(k)}{(1-k^2)} \\
& = K(k) - E(k) \frac{(1-k^2/2)}{(1-k^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
k^2 &= \frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \\
1 - k^2 &= \frac{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2 - 4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \\
&= \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2 - 2R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \\
1 - k^2/2 &= \frac{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2 - 2R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \\
&= \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \\
\frac{(1 - k^2/2)}{(1 - k^2)} &= \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2 - 2R\rho} \\
&= \frac{R^2 + \rho^2 + z^2}{(R - \rho)^2 + z^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Finishing up, we have

$$-\frac{B_\rho 2\pi\rho\sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{\mu z I} = K(k) - E(k) \frac{R^2 + \rho^2 + z^2}{(R - \rho)^2 + z^2}$$

$$B_\rho = \frac{\mu z I}{2\pi\rho\sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \left( K(k) - E(k) \frac{R^2 + \rho^2 + z^2}{(R - \rho)^2 + z^2} \right)$$

## Derivation of $B_z$

We proceed similar to the previous section.

$$\begin{aligned}
\vec{A}(\rho, \phi, z) &= \vec{a}_\phi \frac{\mu I R}{4\pi} \oint \frac{\cos \theta d\theta}{\sqrt{z^2 + \rho^2 + R^2 - 2R\rho \cos \theta}} \\
A_\phi &= \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho} \left[ \left( 1 - \frac{k^2}{2} \right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
B_z &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial(\rho A_\phi)}{\partial \rho} = \frac{A_\phi}{\rho} + \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \rho}
\end{aligned}$$

Our first term is easy.

$$\frac{A_\phi}{\rho} = \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right]$$

For the second term in  $B_z$ , we will have several subexpressions.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \rho} &= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\ &\quad + \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \end{aligned}$$

In the first term, we have

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho} \right) = \left( \frac{\mu I (R + \rho)}{2\pi\rho \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \right) - \left( \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi\rho^2} \right)$$

In the second term, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] &= \left[ -kK(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \frac{\partial K(k)}{\partial k} - \frac{\partial E(k)}{\partial k} \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ -kK(k) + \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \left[ \frac{E(k)}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{K(k)}{k} \right] - \frac{1}{k} [E(k) - K(k)] \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ K(k) \left( -k - \frac{1}{k} \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{k} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{1 - k^2/2}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{1}{k} \right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ K(k) \left( -\frac{k}{2} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{1 - k^2/2}{k(1-k^2)} - \frac{1(1-k^2)}{k(1-k^2)} \right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ K(k) \left( -\frac{k}{2} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{1 - k^2/2 - 1 + k^2}{k(1-k^2)} \right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ K(k) \left( -\frac{k}{2} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{k^2/2}{k(1-k^2)} \right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\ &= \left[ K(k) \left( -\frac{k}{2} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{k}{2(1-k^2)} \right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \end{aligned}$$

Now we substitute for  $\partial k/\partial \rho$ , and get

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] &= \left[ K(k) \left(-\frac{k}{2}\right) + E(k) \left(\frac{k}{2(1-k^2)}\right) \right] \frac{\partial k}{\partial \rho} \\
&= \left[ K(k) \left(-\frac{k}{2}\right) + E(k) \left(\frac{k}{2(1-k^2)}\right) \right] \frac{k}{2\rho} \left[ \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

We are now ready to collect all of our terms and simplify.

$$\begin{aligned}
B_z &= \frac{A_\phi}{\rho} + \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \rho} \\
&= \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&= \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ \left( \frac{\mu I (R + \rho)}{2\pi \rho \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} \right) - \left( \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho^2} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{2\pi \rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

I am running out of typesetting margin here, so I will transpose some terms to reduce the right hand side length.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{B_z 2\pi}{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} &= \frac{1}{\rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{\rho^2} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right]
\end{aligned}$$



Continuing to substitute,

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{B_z 2\pi}{\mu I \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}} &= \frac{1}{\rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&+ \left[ \left( \frac{R + \rho}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{\rho^2} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&+ \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{\rho^2} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&+ \left[ \left( \frac{R + \rho}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{\rho^2} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&+ \frac{1}{\rho} \left[ K(k) \left( -\frac{k}{2} \right) + E(k) \left( \frac{k}{2(1 - k^2)} \right) \right] \frac{k}{2\rho} \left[ \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] \\
&= \left[ \left( \frac{R + \rho}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&- \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} \left[ K(k) - E(k) \left( \frac{1}{(1 - k^2)} \right) \right] \left[ \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Multiply both sides by  $z^2 + (R + \rho)^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{B_z 2\pi \sqrt{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}}{\mu I} &= \left[ \left( \frac{R + \rho}{\rho} \right) \right] \left[ \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) K(k) - E(k) \right] \\
&- \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} \left[ K(k) - E(k) \left( \frac{1}{(1 - k^2)} \right) \right] [z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2] \\
&= K(k) \left[ \left( \frac{R + \rho}{\rho} \right) \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) - \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] \\
&+ E(k) \left[ -\frac{R + \rho}{\rho} + \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{(1 - k^2)} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

We now substitute

$$k^2 = \frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2}$$

The coefficient of  $K(k)$  becomes

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{k^2}{2} \right) - \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{2R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{4\rho(R + \rho)}{4\rho^2} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{4\rho(R + \rho)}{4\rho^2} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \frac{1}{4\rho^2} (z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2) \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{4\rho(R + \rho)}{4\rho^2} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{4R\rho}{4\rho^2} \frac{(z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2)}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{R}{\rho} \frac{(z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2)}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] = \\
& \left[ \left( \frac{(R + \rho)}{\rho} \right) \left( \frac{z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right) - \frac{R}{\rho} \frac{(z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2)}{z^2 + (R + \rho)^2} \right] = \\
& \frac{\rho(z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2) + R(2\rho^2)}{\rho(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \\
& \frac{(z^2 + R^2 + \rho^2) + 2R\rho}{(z^2 + (R + \rho)^2)} \\
& = 1
\end{aligned}$$

This is a very nice result.

The coefficient for E becomes

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[ -\frac{(R+\rho)}{\rho} + \frac{k^2}{4\rho^2} \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{(1-k^2)} \right] = \\
& \left[ -\frac{(R+\rho)}{\rho} + \frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R+\rho)^2} \frac{1}{4\rho^2} \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{\left(1 - \frac{4R\rho}{z^2 + (R+\rho)^2}\right)} \right] = \\
& \left[ -\frac{(R+\rho)}{\rho} + \frac{4R\rho}{4\rho^2} \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{(z^2 + (R+\rho)^2 - 4R\rho)} \right] = \\
& \left[ -\frac{(R+\rho)}{\rho} + \frac{R}{\rho} \frac{z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} \right] = \\
& \frac{-(R+\rho)(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2) + R(z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2)}{\rho(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2)} = \\
& \frac{-(\rho)(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2) - Rz^2 - RR^2 + 2R^2\rho - R\rho^2 + R(z^2 + R^2 - \rho^2)}{\rho(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2)} = \\
& -1 + \frac{2R^2\rho - 2R\rho^2}{\rho(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2)} = \\
& -1 + \frac{2R^2 - 2R\rho}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} = \\
& \frac{-(z^2 + (R-\rho)^2)}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} + \frac{2R^2 - 2R\rho}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} = \\
& \frac{-z^2 - R^2 + 2R\rho - \rho^2 + 2R^2 - 2R\rho}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} = \\
& -\frac{z^2 - R^2 + \rho^2}{z^2 + (R-\rho)^2} = \\
& \frac{R^2 - \rho^2 - z^2}{(R-\rho)^2 + z^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Putting it all together, we get the desired result

$$B_z = \frac{\mu I}{2\pi \sqrt{z^2 + (R+\rho)^2}} \left( K(k) + E(k) \frac{R^2 - \rho^2 - z^2}{(R-\rho)^2 + z^2} \right)$$